



What is a Financial Conflict of Interest?

Conflicts of interest in research are present when Significant Financial Interests directly affect, or could appear to affect, the professional judgment of a researcher when designing, conducting, or reporting research.

Who needs to disclose?

- All PHS Investigators must disclose at least annually
- Non-PHS Investigators must disclose only those Significant Financial Interests related to their research

What is considered a SFI?

An SFI is present when any of the following are received by an Investigator or their Immediate Family Member:

- Combined compensation* and equity exceeding \$5,000 in a publicly traded company
- Compensation* exceeding \$5,000 or any equity in a privately held company
- Compensation* exceeding \$5,000 from Intellectual Property not managed by the UW

** Sponsored/Reimbursed travel is a form of compensation when associated with a performed service*

When do I disclose?

New or increased SFI need to be disclosed:

- Within thirty (30) days of acquisition
- Within thirty (30) days of starting a new, or joining an ongoing, research project
- At least annually by PHS Investigators

Why do I need to disclose?

Federal regulations require Touro University to have policies in place to promote objectivity in research for which PHS Funding is sought (42 CFR Part 50 Subpart F).

How do I disclose?

Complete the appropriate form annually or during proposal stage.

Collaborations and Reporting PHS FCOI

For collaborating institutions reporting FCOI or requesting updates regarding FCOIs identified in PHS-Sponsored Research at TU please contact the Office of Sponsored Programs.

Scenarios

I'm a PHS-Investigator and I received \$5,000 in compensation for serving on the Scientific Advisory Board of a local biotechnology company, I anticipate receiving an additional \$2,000 for these services in the next few months—am I required to disclose this compensation?

Yes, compensation exceeding \$5,000 received, or anticipated to be received, within a twelve (12) month period requires disclosure.

I'm a Non-PHS Investigator and I received \$6,000 in compensation for serving on an Engineering Advisory Board for an Industrial Engineering firm—am I required to disclose this compensation?

If you advised on products or services you are evaluating in the course of your University research, or you believe the work you are doing on the Advisory Board is related to any of your University research, you must disclose this compensation and be put on a Conflict Management Plan to mitigate any concerns which may arise under.

I am working with Legal to patent technology that I developed in my University laboratory. Do I need to disclose this as an Intellectual Property interest? What if I'm on the Board of Directors for a Company that wishes to license my technology?

No. Intellectual Property, and any associated royalties or payments that are managed by the TU are considered to fall within your University responsibilities and compensation. Disclosures of Significant Financial Interests in private companies should be submitted by PHS-Investigators regardless of the entities'

interest in University technology. All Innovators with SFI in an entity licensing technology for which they are a contributor will be issued a Conflict Management Plan—the Office of Sponsored programs and Legal will work together closely at time of Option or License to ensure compliance with applicable policies.

I am receiving money from Industry, both for my salary and for expenses to conduct research related to one of their products or services, should I disclose this as SFI?

No. Any sponsored-research managed by the University, that is—it was routed through and negotiated by the Office of Sponsored Programs—is considered to fall within the scope of your University responsibilities and compensation. If the entity sponsoring University research is also paying you directly for other services, that compensation may require disclosure.

Additional Considerations

- Non-PHS Investigators are required to disclose those Significant Financial Interests they deem to be related to their sponsored research. Because the Investigator has already made a determination of relatedness, most SFIs disclosed for non-PHS research will result in a Conflict Management Plan being issued.
- All Technology Transfer transactions for which an Innovator has a Significant Financial Interest in the entity licensing University technology require Conflict Management Plans.
- Financial Conflicts of Interest identified in PHS-Sponsored Research must be made available to the public, and so are posted to the University webpage. These FCOI are also reported annually to the sponsoring agency via eRA Commons.

FAQs

Who

Who is an Investigator?

An “Investigator” includes the Principal Investigator (PI) and any other person, regardless of title or position, that is responsible for the design, conduct, or reporting of research.

Do I need to submit disclosures of my Significant Financial Interests?

All Investigators should be submitting disclosures of Significant Financial Interests. For Non-PHS-Funded Investigators, these disclosures need only occur when the

Investigator determines the SFI is related to the research. For PHS-Funded Research, all Investigators—that is, anyone contributing to the design, conduct, or reporting of the research—are required to disclose SFI or affirm they have no SFI. This includes faculty, postdoctoral fellows, graduate students, undergraduate students, and staff.

Can my Department Administrator or Assistant submit my disclosures for me?

No. All Investigators are required to complete their disclosures.

What

Do I need to include any detail about services I've provided which resulted in this external compensation?

Yes, including a concise description of outside work activities, and/or a description of the company's line of business or the line of business for which services were provided, will enable the quickest review of SFI for FCOI and will reduce likelihood the Office of Sponsored Programs will need to contact you to collect more detail about the disclosed SFI.

When

Do I have to disclose SFI?

Non-PHS-Investigators must disclose related SFI at time of proposal submission to OSP. PHS-Funded Investigators are required to disclose prior to application, within thirty (30) days of joining a research project, and at least annually.

Are my disclosures reviewed?

In most cases, SFI are not reviewed until and unless a project is awarded. Exceptions include: No Cost Extensions, Advance Budget Requests, Technology Transfer Agreements, IRB-only disclosures.

How

Do I certify to the sponsor that I've completed the required training or submitted a disclosure?

The Office of Sponsored Programs handles all certifications, both for individuals and the institution. If your sponsor is requiring additional certifications, such as assurance of no institutional conflict, contact the Office of Sponsored Programs for assistance.